## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claim 1 as follows:

- 1. (currently amended): Device (10) for extruding plastic bakery and confectionery compounds, having at least one feed instrument (12) for feeding a bakery or confectionery compound through a channel (24a; 24b; 24c) to a die (14), and a sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c) being provided at the channel (24a; 24b; 24c) or at the die (14) in order to determine at least one measured variable (Pa; Pb; Pc) related to the viscosity of the compound, characterised in that
- the feed instrument (12) and the die (14) are configured in such a way that the feed instrument (12) has provides a delivery pressure that which oscillates over time at a given frequency, and
- the die (14) has provides a flow resistance that which oscillates at the same frequency.
- 2. (original): Device according to Claim 1, characterised in that the measured variable is the pressure (p<sub>a</sub>; p<sub>b</sub>; p<sub>c</sub>) of the compound.
- 3. (previously amended): Device according to Claim 1, characterised in that the measured variable is the flow rate of the compound.
  - 4. (original): Device according to Claim 1, 2 or 3, characterised in that
- the sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c) is operatively coupled to a control instrument (62), and
- the control instrument (62) is capable of controlling the feed instrument (12), as a function of at least one measured value determined by the sensing instrument (60a;

- 60b; 60c), in such a way that the exit velocity (v<sub>s</sub>) of the compound from the die (14) fluctuates minimally.
- 5. (previously amended): Device according to Claim 1, 2, or 3, characterised in that
- the device (10) comprises a transport instrument (16) for removing the compound extruded from the die (14),
- the sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c) is operatively coupled to a/the control instrument (62), and
- the control instrument (62) is capable of controlling the transport instrument (16), as a function of at least one measured value determined by the sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c), in such a way that the transport velocity  $(v_t)$  of the transport instrument (16) corresponds to the exit velocity  $(v_s)$  of the compound from the die (14).
- 6. (previously amended): Device according to Claim 1, 2, or 3, characterised in that
- the device (10) comprises a rotary instrument (26) having at least one rotatable die (14),
- the sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c) is operatively coupled to a/the control instrument (62), and
- the control instrument (62) is capable of controlling the rotary instrument (26), as a function of at least one measured value determined by the sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c), in such a way that the exit velocity  $(v_s)$  of the compound from the die (14) fluctuates minimally.
- 7. (previously amended): Device according to Claim 1, 2, or 3, characterised in that

- a feed instrument (12) is connected through a plurality of channels (24a; 24b; 24c) to a die (14) having a plurality of outlet openings, and
- a sensing instrument (60a; 60b; 60c) is in each case arranged at the channels (24a; 24b; 24c) or at the outlet openings of the die (14).
  - 8. (original): Device according to Claim 7, characterised in that
- the sensing instruments (60a; 60b; 60c) are operatively coupled to a/the control instrument (62), and
- the control instrument (62) is capable of controlling the feed instrument (12), as a function of the measured values determined by the sensing instruments (60a; 60b; 60c), in such a way that the exit velocities of the individual compounds from the outlet openings of the die (14) fluctuate minimally relative to one another.